

SPF UK Climate Resilience Programme

Webinar Series 2021



UK Research
and Innovation



Timing today



12:00	UK Climate Resilience Programme news	Professor Jason Lowe OBE Head of Climate Services, Met Office
12.05	UK-SSPs: setting out socioeconomic trajectories for climate resilience research	Jon Stenning , Cambridge Econometrics
12.30	Response	Paul Sayers , Sayers and Partners
12.40	Q&A and discussion	Panellists
13.00	End	

Website: <https://www.ukclimateresilience.org/>



How to engage



- Presentations first then Q&A and discussion
- Post questions in the Q&A box at any time
- Upvote your favourites
- Attendees will remain muted unless enabled to speak by the host
- Webinar (audio and slides) will be shared after the event
- Technical problems – chat

Please note: this webinar is being recorded

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**UK
CLIMATE
RESILIENCE
PROGRAMME**

New papers from the programme:

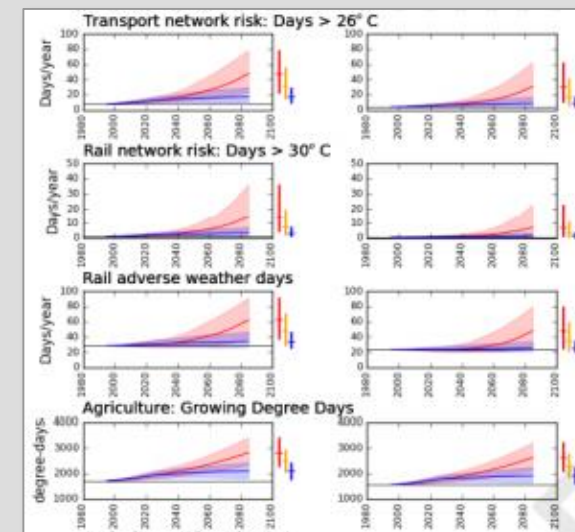


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² UK Centre for Ecology and Hydrology (UKCEH), Wallingford
³ Met Office Hadley Centre, Exeter
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This paper presents a consistent series of policy-relevant indicators of changing climate hazards and resources for the UK, spanning the health, transport, energy, agriculture, flood and water sectors and based on the UKCPI8 climate projections. In the absence of explicit adaptation, risks will increase across the whole of the UK but at different rates and from different starting values in different regions. The likelihood of heat-related issues affecting health, the road and rail network and crop growth will increase, with the greatest increases in the south of England. Agriculture will be negatively affected as the growing season will be shorter, the risk of drought will increase and the risk of wildfire danger. River flood risk increases particularly in the north and west. Demand for cooling energy will increase, but demand for heating energy will decline. Crop growing degree days will increase, benefiting the production of perennial crops. In general, the risks associated with high temperature extremes will increase the most in warmer southern and eastern England, but the rate of increase will be lower in the north. The risk of low temperature extremes will be reduced, with emissions reductions in the iron trade but with little effect over the next two or three decades.

The results provide evidence to support the development of national and local climate and resilience policy. Measures to enhance resilience are needed alongside policies to achieve net zero emissions by 2050. Resilience policy should recognise the variability in change in risk across the UK, and therefore different local priorities. Explicit choices need to be made about 'worst case' emissions scenarios as they can influence strongly estimated changes in risk: the increase in risk with RCP8.5 can be considerably higher than with a pathway reaching 4°C by 2100.

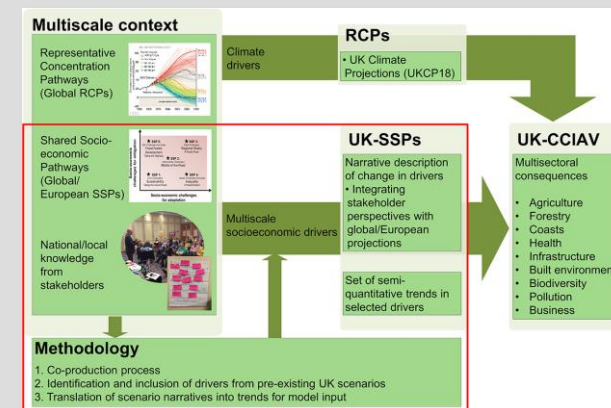
Climate risk, heatwaves, floods, droughts, wildfire, adaptation, resilience, UKCP18



Arnell, N. W., et al. (2020).
"Changing climate risk in the
UK: a multi-sectoral analysis
using policy-relevant
indicators." *Climate Risk
Management*: 100265.



Pedde, S., et al. (2021).
"Enriching the Shared
Socioeconomic Pathways to
co-create consistent multi-
sector scenarios for the UK."
Science of the Total
Environment **756**: 143172.



Programme news



Launch of the urban fact sheets

This series of urban fact sheets, originally developed for Bristol, have since been produced for: **Belfast, Glasgow, Kirklees, Leeds and London City**

with more to come.

The fact sheets aim to build shared understanding of city specific climate information and promote the robust use of the available UK climate projection information from the Met Office.



UK-SSPs: setting out socioeconomic trajectories for climate resilience research

Jon Stenning, Cambridge Econometrics



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Response

Paul Sayers, Sayers and Partners



Met Office



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SAYERS
AND PARTNERS



Questions, answers, discussion



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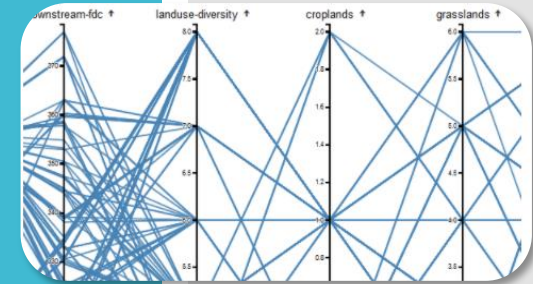
Next webinars:



Wednesday, 27th January, 2021 12.00-13.00

Speaker: Prof Julien Harou (University of Manchester)

Title: Designing Resilient and Adaptable Water management systems:
Lessons from the DRAW-IT project



Wednesday, 10th February, 2021 12.00-13.00

Speaker: Dr Liz Sharp, University of Sheffield

Title: The feasibility of domestic rain tanks contributing to urban flood resilience



Register on our website:

<https://www.ukclimateresilience.org/news-events/climate-resilience-webinar-series-2020-2021/>



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Contact details

Website: www.ukclimateresilience.org

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YouTube: UK Climate Resilience programme



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