Delivering resilience to climate-related impacts on water quality through Earth observation

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UK CLIMATE RESILIENCE PROGRAMME

UKCR Project Team

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Background Science UKRI NERC GloboLakes (including Plymouth Marine Laboratory, University of Dundee, University of Reading)





UK Research and Innovation UK

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Climate effects on water quality

Impacts on water quality are an often-overlooked dimension of climate change



Cross Cutting





UK

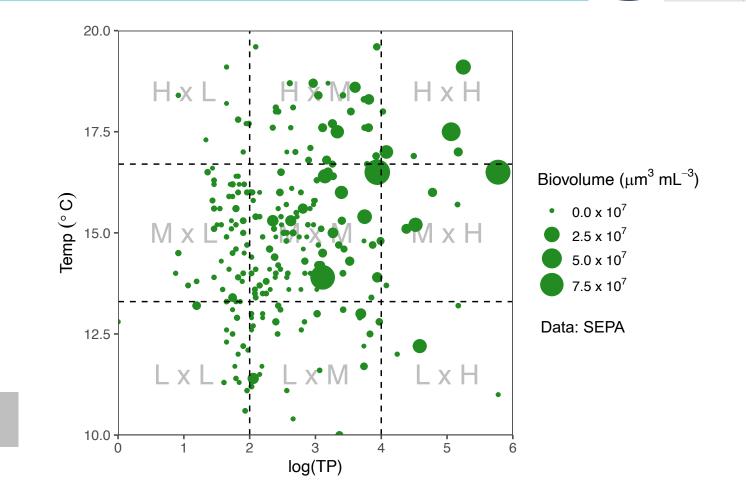
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Cyanobacteria, nutrients and climate

- Cyanobacterial blooms occur annually throughout the UK
- Main drivers of blooms are nutrients and climate (temperature and drought (flushing))
- Blooms pose risks to water security and human and animal health

Right: Effect of phosphorus and temperature on cyanobacterial biovolume in Scotland [Data: SEPA]



Met Office





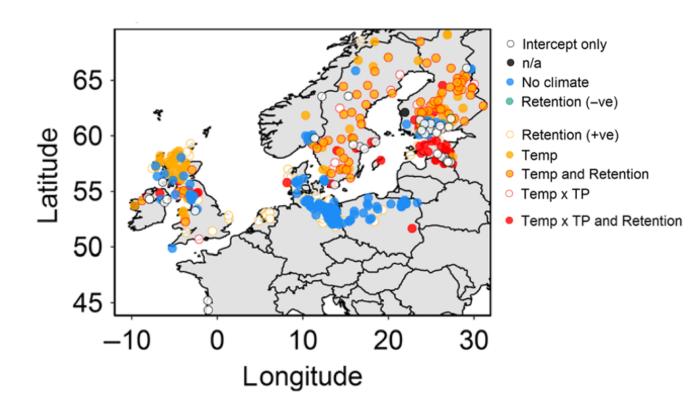
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Will warming promote blooms in UK?

- UK lakes and reservoirs (>55°N latitude) vulnerable to climate-related increases in blooms
- But lack of systematic, proactive monitoring to detect climate-related changes in bloom occurrence

Right: Effect of temperature and lake retention time on the occurrence of cyanobacterial blooms in European lakes [Richardson et al. 2018. Global Change Biology, 24(11)]







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Monitoring water quality using Earth observation (EO)

- Can we develop a UK climate service for bloom monitoring using EO?
- UK lakes too small to observe with ocean colour satellites (e.g., S₃ OLCI)
- Sentinel-2A/B MSI offers higher spatial resolutions but poorer imaging capabilities (e.g., no orange band for PC)

Right: ESA's Sentinel-2A/B spacecraft carrying the 12 channel MultiSpectral Instrument (MSI) sensor with spatial (pixel) resolution of 10-60 m and 5-day revisit at equator (two satellites)





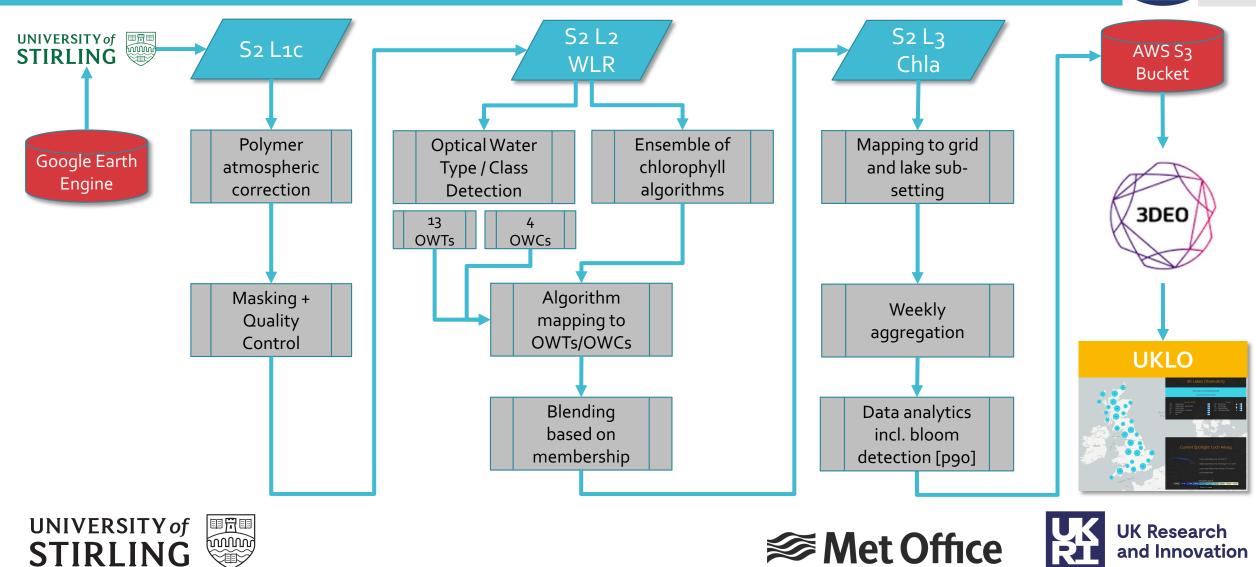


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UKLO processing chain [v.1.0]

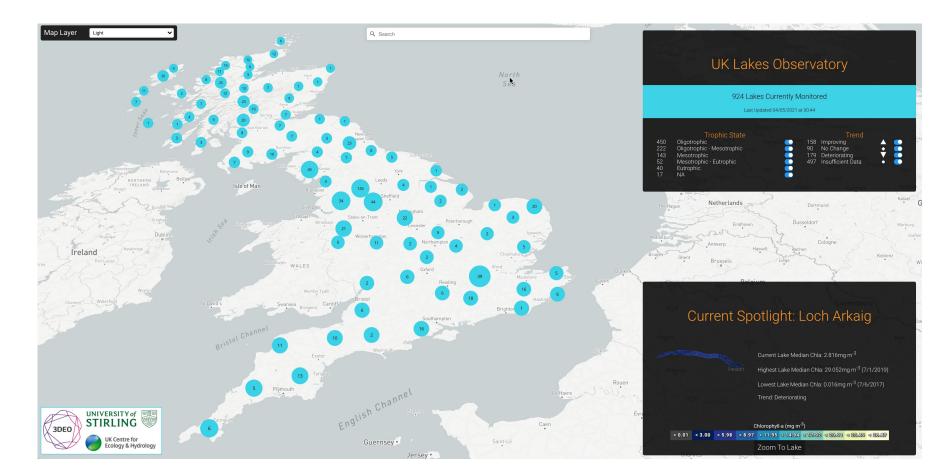


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UK Lakes Observatory (UKLO)

- Data produced and visualized weekly
- Simple data analytics (e.g., bloom event monitoring, change detection)
- Provision for real-time email/SMS alerts to water managers







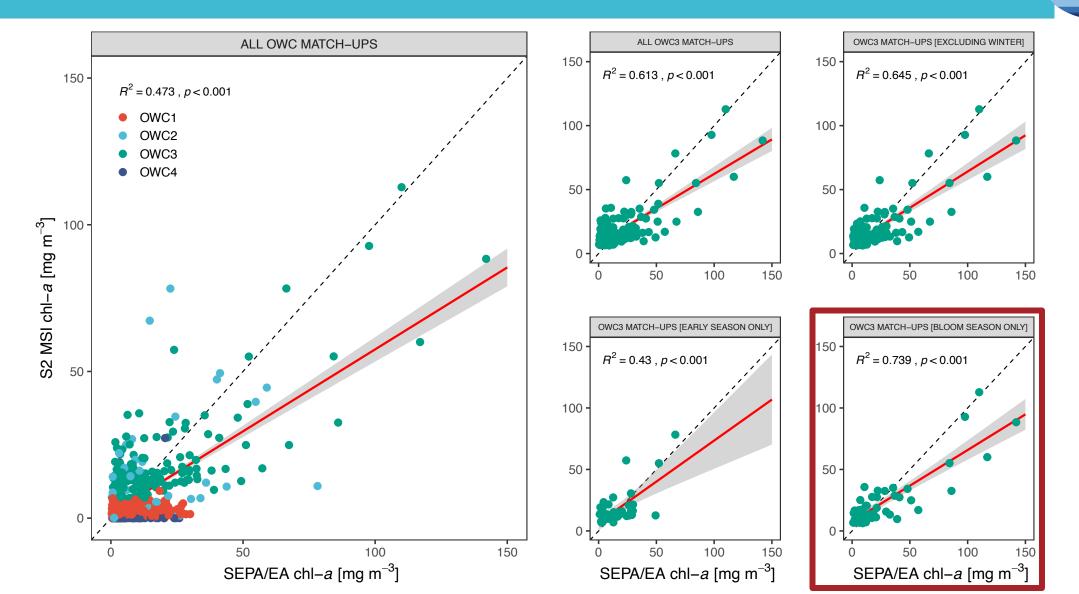


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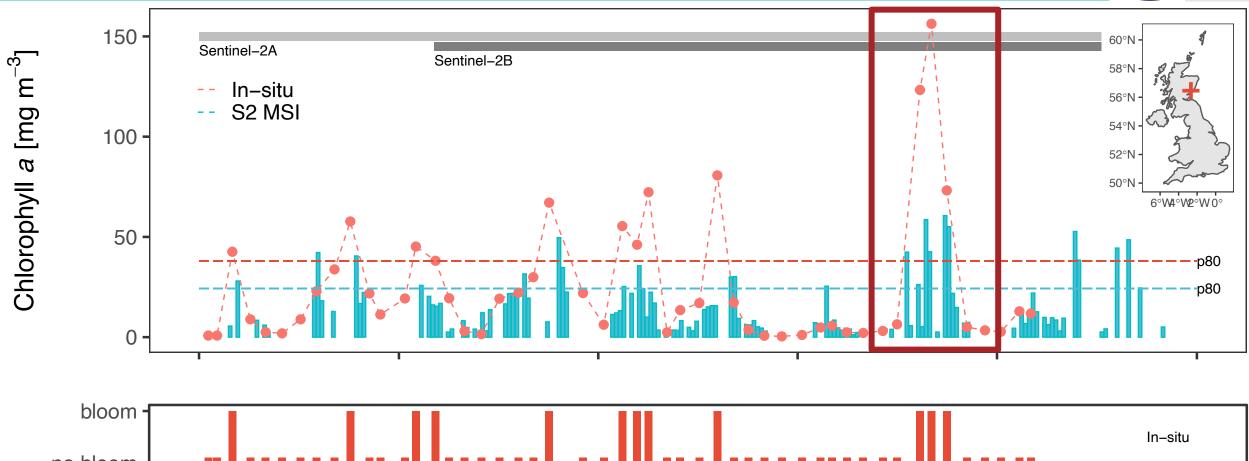
Comparison against in-situ monitoring data

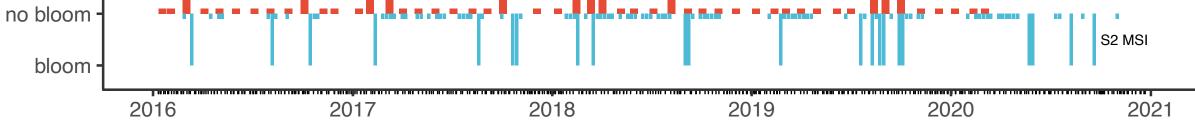
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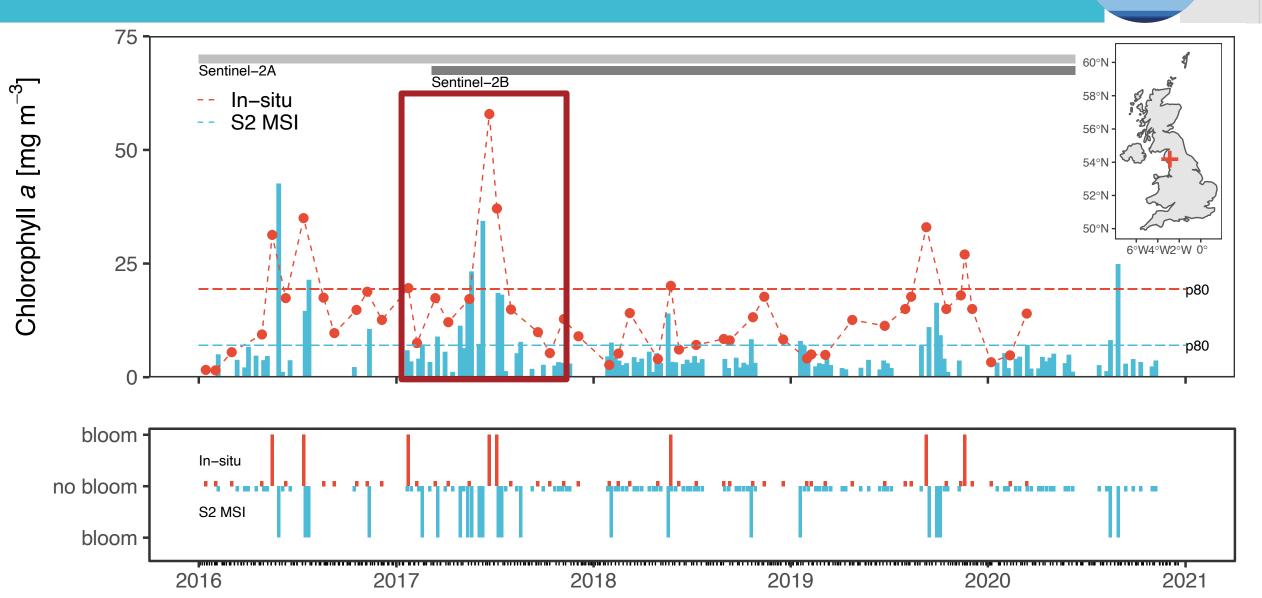
Case study: Rescobie Loch







Case study: Esthwaite Water



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Future work

- New atmospheric correction models, optical water classification schemes, and retrieval algorithms
- Planet SuperDoves (Flock 4s) 48 launched on SpaceX in January 2021

Right: Planet's Dove nanosatellites with the spectral band configuration for the latest generation of 'Super Doves'.

Circuitry Camera Reaction wheels Reaction wheels Batteries Solar panels

Band	Name	Notes	Wavelength (fwhm)	spatial sampling	GSD (m)	L _{ref} (W sr-¹um⁻¹ m⁻²)	SNR @ L,, (t=10ms)*
1	Coastal Blue	core visible bands	443 (20)	0.25x	12	130	193
2	Blue		490 (50)	1x	3	130	170
3	Green I		531 (36)	1x	з	130	150
4	Green II		565 (36)	1x	3	130	154
5	Red		665 (31)	1x	3	130	138
6	Yellow	sediments, PC	610 (20)	1x	6	70	63
10	Red edge I	important for data compatibility with Sentinel-2	705 (15)	1x	6	70	57
13	NIR	narrow NIR	865 (40)	0.5x	6	130	137





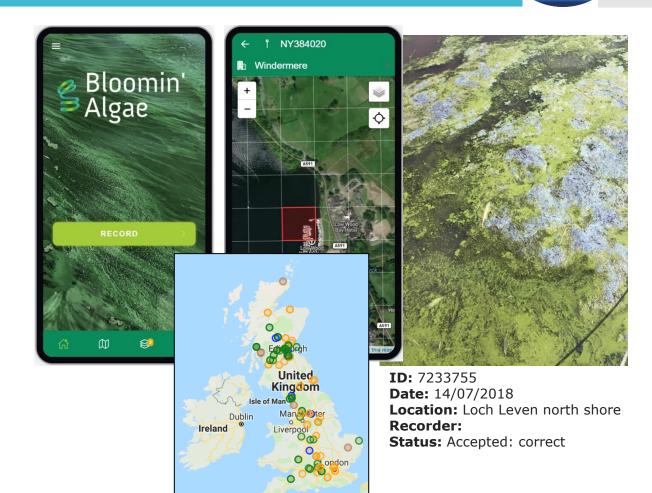


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Integration with in-situ monitoring networks

- UK CEH Bloomin' Algae citizen science app
 - Opportunities for public engagement to integrate EO observations into app
 - Complementary (spatial resolution) and supports cross-validation
- Smart IoT digital observatories







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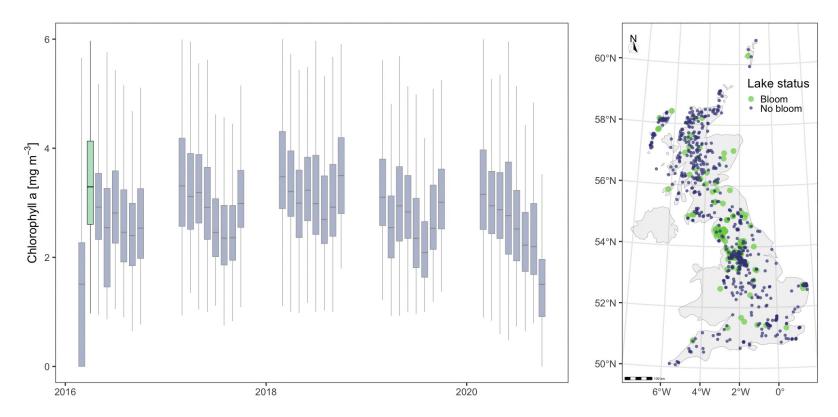
Summary

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- Widens surveillance and increases likelihood of blooms being detected
- Complementary to existing in-situ monitoring (agencies, citizens, IoT sensors)
- Contribute to improved understanding of climate impacts on water quality at the UK-scale







Contact details

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YouTube: UK Climate Resilience programme





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