



What gaps will remain at the end of the programme?

What opportunities are there to strengthen connections and build synergies?

Where has the programme made progress?

How can we have the greatest impact?

**UK Climate Resilience Programme
Assembly 2021**

Living with climate uncertainty

All: A MAGIC finding : engagement works better with a positive focus - make your neighbourhood nicer, rather than stop the flooding threat! Does this link to your findings?

CLANDAGE

Heritage focus

Place based: Staffordshire, Cumbria

Outer Hebrides rather than Orkney

Would love to know more about rainwater management in the past if that's something you research - Ruth Quinn

Floods, droughts, storms

Happy to catch up later Ruth - I'll drop you an email (Neil)

Learning from the past scenarios for the future

Developing a tool box

engaging with communities

Using archives

Creative workshops - poetry, craft, storytelling

CLANDAGE: BUILDING CLIMATE RESILIENCE THROUGH COMMUNITY, LANDSCAPES AND CULTURAL HERITAGE

RISKY CITIES

Place based: Hull

Timeline approach

Coastal and estuary

Working with young people

Using archives

Working with communities

Theatre performance

Flood management

RISKY CITIES: LIVING WITH WATER IN AN UNCERTAIN FUTURE CLIMATE

FOLK PAGEANTRY

Place based: Manchester

Rsearch led by social practice artist-researchers.

Theatre and music performance

Artivism

Developing a tool box

Working with schools

climate & social justice framework

Social deprivation

Working with communities

Embedding/ transferring creative methods approaching to other orgs and in local policy.

COMMUNITY CLIMATE RESILIENCE THROUGH FOLK PAGEANTRY

Governing adaptation

The underlying question: How authorities and researchers better engage communities to enhance the co-benefits of green infrastructure?

Not just Hull but getting the views of national and regional stakeholders



Capacity Building in the community through creating a community interest companies, work-educational associatioc
Capacity Building with decision makers and implementors through sharing learning, discussions and guidance

Generally Good images and themes for MAGIC

Place based: Hull

Maybe 'engaging communities' rather than 'working with'?



Working with communities



Flood



Evaluation of the co-production process

Depending on your audience, 'pluvial flood management'

CLIMACARE: GOVERNING THE CLIMATE ADAPTATION OF CARE SETTINGS

MAGIC: MOBILITY INFRASTRUCTURE - GOVERNANCE THROUGH CO-PRODUCTION

Capacity building



Soft and hard adaptation measures

Building design & adaptation

CLIMACARE



Developing guidance

How transferable are findings to other countries or other parts of the UK?



Potential link to Met Office project on hazard to risk - project likely to focus on overheating in buildings (Laura Dawkins & Dan Bernie)



Heat and heatwaves



Older people

Care homes



Health and wellbeing

Cost-benefit evaluation

Embedded researchers



Dr Charles Rougé, University of Sheffield with Anglian Water Plc



Data management



Water resource infrastructure



Developing forecasts



Developing a (Python) tool box



Long term planning



Private Sector

Daniel Godoy Shimizu, UCL, with Department for Education



Overheating in buildings



not really working 'in' schools as such, but we are looking at how to make sure results can engage & be relevant at different scales (i.e. being relevant & available to schools)

Link to Met Office project on hazard to risk (Laura Dawkins & Dan Bernie) - already have a meeting lined up.)



Data management



Heat and heatwaves

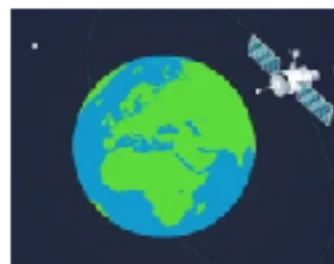


Mitigation and adaptation

informing policy

TOWARDS FORECAST-BASED CLIMATE RESILIENCE AND ADAPTATION IN THE WATER SECTOR

Dr Caitlin Douglas, King's College London, with Space4Climate



Earth observation data



Resilient supply chains



Working with stakeholders



Developing user relevant climate services



Data management



looking at phosphorus sustainability - in a recent stakeholder workshop, recycling from waste streams and storage/transport constraints were discussed as a major challenge. Bryan Spears - FREEDOM BCCR and RePhoKus Team. UKCEH.

Possible link to eFlag which is a demo climate service focussed on droughts and water supplies (Chris Counsell)

CLIMATE STRESS TESTING THE UK FOOD SUPPLY CHAIN USING EARTH OBSERVATION

SCHOOL BUILDINGS ADAPTATION, RESILIENCE AND IMPACTS ON DECARBONISATION IN A CHANGING CLIMATE

Embedded researchers



Assessing urban climate risk and vulnerability



Place based: Manchester

Link with the Met Office City Packs

Paul O'Hare, Manchester Metropolitan University, Manchester Climate Change Agency



Strategy development

Paul, MAGIC (LSharp@Sheffield.ac.uk) would love to hear about whether / how Manchester is working with communities.



action plan



Capacity building



Partnership working

Identifying best practice in urban resilience and adaptation

Policy development

Tyrone - Link with the Met Office urban climate services (City Packs and Heat Service) - we're already working closely with Charlotte!

Charlotte Brown, University of Manchester, Bristol City Council



Strategy development

OpenCLIM metrics for heat stress/heat impacts using UKCPI8 data



Heat and heatwaves



Working with stakeholders



Developing tools and guidance

Links with MO Heat Pack, collaboration ongoing (Lizzie Fuller)

ADAPTING ENVIRONMENT AGENCY INCIDENT RESPONSE FOR CLIMATE RESILIENCE: PLANNING & ACTION FOR MANCHESTER

DEVELOPING AN URBAN HEAT PACK FOR CLIMATE RESILIENCE PLAN FOR BRISTOL

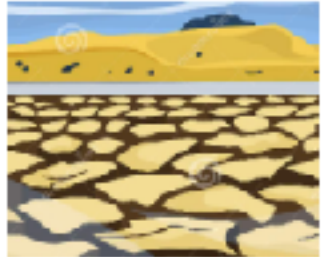
Dr Liz Lewis, Newcastle University, Environment Agency



Emergency response



Flood management



Drought management



Developing forecasts



Strategy development

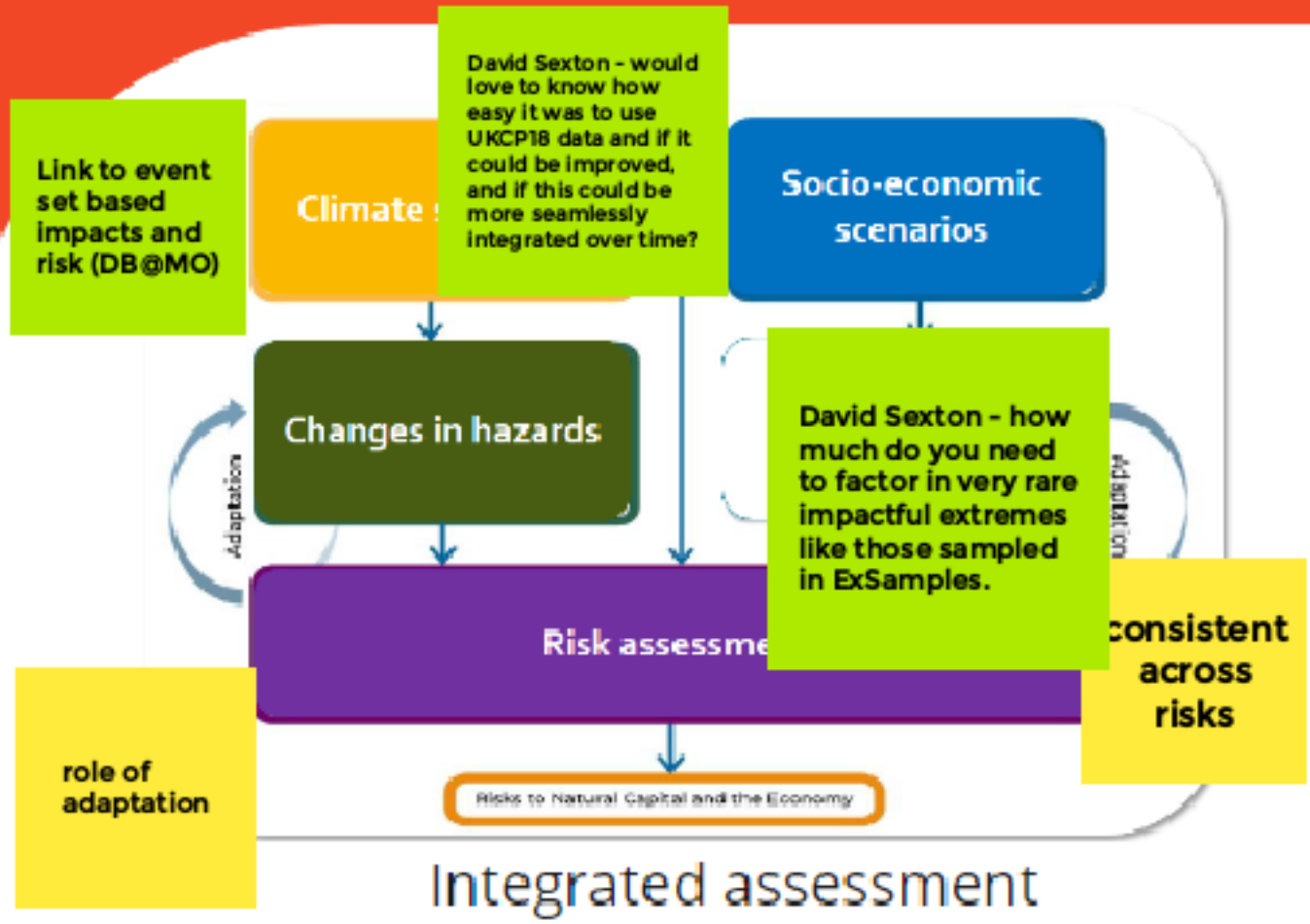


Data management

Wow - ICASP are creating a game for engaged members of the public, environment agency people and LAs to explore flood incidence response e.sharp@shef.ac.uk

If these management or response were systematically recorded, epidemiologist could utilise to do experimental study to evaluate these actions! (a.milojevic@lshtm.ac.uk)

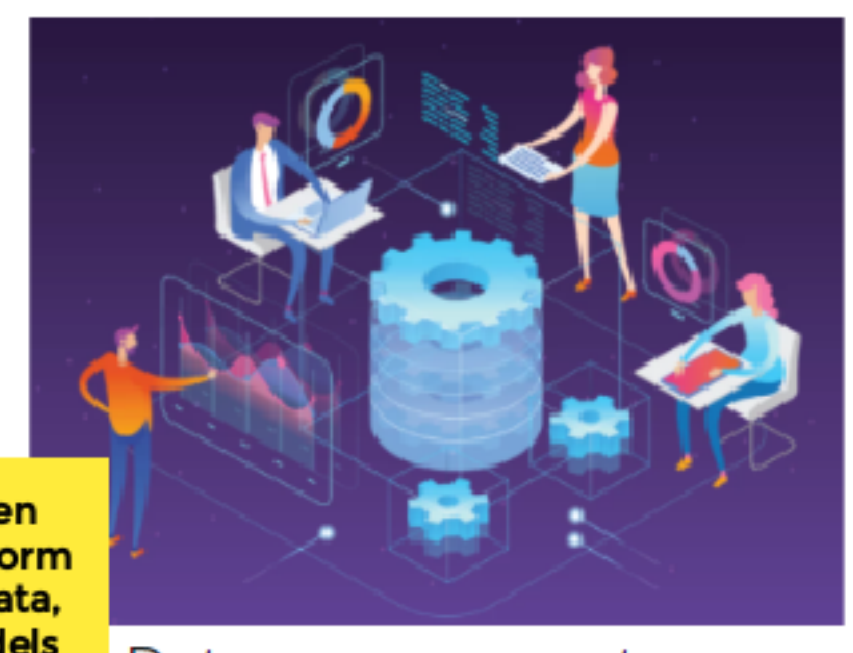
ADAPTING ENVIRONMENT AGENCY INCIDENT RESPONSE FOR CLIMATE RESILIENCE



Strategy development



Place based: Clyde Estuary & Norfolk Broads



Present and future hazards

SEARCH



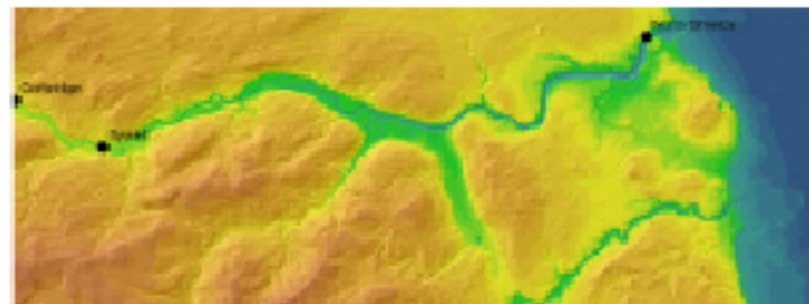
Coastal and estuary



Place based:
14 UK estuary systems



Compound hazard



Data mapping



Data management



Informing policy

STORMY WEATHER

I'd like to know what type of storms you're considering and what tools are being developed - Oscar Martínez-Alvarado

Cyclones, fronts and thunderstorms, separately and concurrently

Storms

James Cooper: Which hazards are you considering?

Scaling of storm impacts with temperature for different storm types



Flood management

I don't understand this, European scale in terms of processes, information exchange, impact?

Utilising UKCP18 so focus is on UK and Europe

European scale

James Cooper: What's in the toolbox?



Developing a tool box

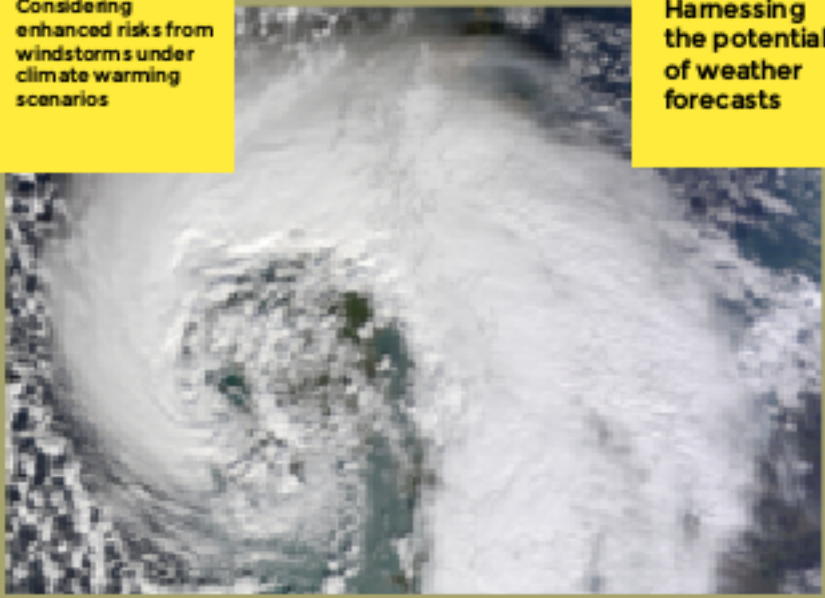


Data management

STORYLINE(S)



Considering enhanced risks from windstorms under climate warming scenarios



Harnessing the potential of weather forecasts

A prototype real-time sting jet precursor tool for forecasters



Building UK climate resilience through bridging the qualitative-quantitative data divide

Adaptation learning mechanisms

Decision time frames - lock-in

Bioclimatic risk indicators

Impacts and responses in 'good' and 'bad' years

CREWS-UK: Characterising and adapting to climate risks in the UK wine sector

We aimed to calculate indicators relevant to adaptation and resilience, rather than impacts.

under development, might benefit from using these in the pathway modelling component. Ian Townend

David Sexton - would love to talk about how using UKCP data went and how we could improve this and include this if there is another UKCP

Richard Chandler: I'd like to join the chat with David S. We're extending UKCP with EuroCORDEX simulations and calculating indices there, would be good to cross-check. (why is this sticky note so big?)

eFLAG providing drought metric indicators and exploring drought resilience of public water supplies (Chris Counsell)

Perhaps revise title to something like: Assessing Coastal Resilience to Flood and Erosion Hazards in the face of climate change

The scope is limited to using existing data sets gathered in the initial project. Using the portal to examine future pathways will need a projection capability. From today's presentation it is clear that this would benefit from

David Sexton - would love to talk about how using UKCP data went and how we could improve this and include this if there is another UKCP

James Cooper: Link to erosion hazards project on erosion - is this considered?

David Sexton - would love to talk about how using UKCP data went and how we could improve this and include this if there is another UKCP

Should land-use decisions be adaptive to climate change? This project asked: 'If so, how would we evaluate and optimise the design of land systems.'

Coastal resilience to sea-level rise: making the most of natural systems

CROP and climate yields

...ing resilient and management - integrated & interactive tools



Climate pig: smart systems approaches for climate resilient livestock production

Nigel Arnell - would like to know what scenarios/indicators you used

Phase 1 UKRI Projects



Supporting future investment decisions in water infrastructure

Forecasting impacts on water quality relevant to work we did on algal blooms and new research on catchment-scale digital twins (Peter Hunter, Stirling)

Building climate resilience industry network

Developing adaptation through integrated catchment management

Inform climate risk assessment approach

FREEDOM -BCCR: Forecasting risk of environmental exacerbation of dissolved organic matter



Prototype operational service for monitoring climate impacts on water quality - see <https://www.a06ukwater.stir.ac.uk/>

Algal blooms also noted as important driver in DOC production in Freedom BCCR - early warning would be very useful - Bryan Spears UKCEH

Building resilience in the water industry through improved provision of actionable intelligence

Working towards the development of digital twins for the water industry and regulators by combining wireless sensor networks, satellite data and models

Latest work now looking at forecasting tools

Incorporating citizen science into monitoring programmes

Delivering resilience to climate impacts on UK freshwater quality: towards national-scale cyanobacterial bloom monitoring and forecasting



Unlocking the potential of surface water flood nowcasting for emergency services in a changing climate



Carbon sequestration

Interdisciplinary research

Links to our work on catchment-scale digital twins which includes impact of peatland restoration on downstream waters (Peter Hunter, Stirling)

Towards a microbial process-based understanding of the resilience of UK peatland systems



Supporting Climate Risk Communication

Title fine - but also citizen empowerment and engagement

It would be interesting to know how the communities views regarding risk and resilience differ from local authorities and other stakeholders - Ruth Quinn

Understanding how best to communicate in climate services to different stakeholders (Lizzie Fuller)

RESIL-RISK: understanding UK perceptions of climate risk and resilience



Jams Cooper: Link to erosion hazards project on rainfall projections

For users, the subtitle of this project could better be described as: "New rainfall uplifts to assess surface water and sewer flooding impact for the UK water industry and flood risk community"

We're starting to think about a city-focused surface flooding climate service in Leeds. It would be useful to chat about the work you did here - Tyrone Durbin (Met Office)

FUTURE-DRAINAGE: ensemble climate change rainfall estimates for sustainable drainage




Link to Met Office project on using open-source risk assessment frameworks to explore climate uncertainty and risk - will be looking at heat stress (Laura Dawkins & Dan Bernie)

David Sexton - would you be interested in the kind of ultra-extreme H++ samples that are produced in the ExSamples project.

Nigel Arnell - would like to find out what indicators/scenarios you have used.

IMPRES: Impacts and risk assessment to better inform resilience planning



River and slope erosion

Asset-scale hazard and risk assessments

Economic damage

Damage to bridges, roads, buildings, electricity transmission assets

UKCP18 forecasts of rainfall events

Decision-support to oie.g. <https://tinyurl.com/cbyz98hs>

Suggest use convective-permitting model output from Future Drainage to get best estimates of high-intensity, short duration rainfall impacts that can affect erosion rates. M Dale

James Cooper (james.cooper@liverpool.ac.uk)

Erosion hazards in river catchments making critical infrastructure resilient

Met Office Work Packages

Improving climate hazard information

Statistical approaches

Connections to CREWS-UK

Potential connection with our project on climate info for UK decision making - would be good to discuss. Rachel Brisley, JBA

Dealing with model bias?

Potential for connection with work on sting jets (Lascar Martinez-Alvarado)

Heavy Rain | Heat Extremes | Droughts

Variability and Weather Regimes

Hazard event set simulation

Simulations

UNSEEN and UKCP18

Improved characterisation of the hazard

Improved modelling but also meaningful tests for model validation (particularly on extreme behaviour and causality of extreme events). Marie Ekstrom Cardiff Uni, ekstromm@cardiff.ac.uk

Multiple Connections to RESILRISK

Potential connection with our project on climate info for UK decision making - would be good to discuss. Rachel Brisley, JBA

Communicating climate risk

Visualisation of information

We developed a web-based platform for visualising impacts of climate on algal blooms (UKLO) - see <https://www.eo4ukwater.stir.ac.uk/>. Peter Hunter, Stirling

eFLaG providing drought visualisation tools - can we link such tools a cross projects (Chris Counsell)

Improved modelling

eFLaG exploring how water resources planning guidance could be updated (Chris Counsell)

Large return periods

Developing guidance

Potentially needed if the ideas in the Coastal Resilience Model are to be adopted by for instance Defra/EA. Ian Townend

Capability building

Data management

David Sexton - how much would very rare extremes as sampled by ExSamples be useful here?

From Climate Hazard to Climate Risk

Manchester vulnerability framework takes a holistic look at risk beyond climate (demographics, urbanisation et.c.)

Link with eFLaG drought metrics? (Chris Counsell)

Increased potato blight

High temperatures

Livestock thermal heat stress

Reduced crop yield/productivity

Agriculture & livestock impacts

STORYLINE(S)

Developing forecasts

Compound events

Machine Learning techniques for estimating vulnerability curves/impact functions

Hazard event set methodologies

Decision making framework - how robust are adaptation decisions to which climate data source is used to estimate risk?

Building qualitative scenario narratives

Using scenarios to explore uncertainty

Uncertainty budgets for risk projections in different sectors. Transport, Health, energy etc.

Constructing quantitative indicator projections out to 2100

Could compliment eFLaG by providing evidence on how demand for water may evolve (Chris Counsell)

open-source risk assessment frameworks

Heat stress risk - possibly working with Df Education, Df Housing and/or Ministry of Justice

Socio-economic scenarios

Working with stakeholders with industrial knowledge

quantitative estimates of risk including some estimate of uncertainty

methodologies around multiple hazards and risk

Socio-economic challenges FOR ADAPTATION

COLD WEATHER ❄️	HOT WEATHER 🔥	HEAVY RAINFALL 🌧️	DROUGHTS 🚰
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Energy demand: Reduction of winter demand for heating Transport: Reduction of snow and ice road disruption Health: Increased risk of cold weather related health issues 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Energy demand: Increase of summer demand for cooling Transport: Increase of disruption due to heat Health: Increased risk of heat stress 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flooding: Increased risk of river flooding Transport: Increase of disruption due to flooding Water: Increased disruptions to urban drainage systems 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agriculture: Uncertain changes to crop growth Water: Risk to water supplies Property: Increased risk of subsidence

Connections with CREWS-UK - practice in good and bad years

embedding information on climate risk with climate services - helping inform decision making around risk (Lizzie Fuller)

Potential link to eFLaG (Chris Counsell)

Met Office Work Packages

Climate Services Pilots

co-produced upscaling decision support

UKCP18 probabilistic projections

Extreme heat

Monitoring needs?

exploring uncertainty

Surface flooding

Developing urban climate services

develop parameter schemes for urban canopy model in RCM? Marie Ekstrom (ekstromm@cardiff.ac.uk)

Developing useful tools and datasets

Undertaking new applied research

identifying areas for additional research

co-development

capturing user requirements

Does the project identify the need for new climate science or derived products or more accessibility of existing science? Rachel Brisley, JBA

What are the impacts of extreme weather on the UK transport sector?

Co-developing needs and options for address for the transport and energy sector

sea level projections

coastal risk for MOD bases

marine workshop for user engagement

storm surges

extreme water levels

future weather patterns

Coastal pilot service

This will be key to establishing Stakeholder weightings in the method being used in the Coastal Resilience Model. Ian Townsend

An approach for many projects - shared good practice

learning from prototypes

Working with stakeholders

Climate model biases

forward and backward attribution

Accessible datasets

Does the project include identifying missing climate information? Rachel Brisley, JBA Consulting

future weather patterns

Improving Sector Resilience

Link to understanding heat risk within cities? MO Heat Service (Uzzie Fuller)

Undertaking new applied research

Coastal pilot service

Hydrological modelling uncertainty

Water industry engagement

Demo service

Public water supply risks

Decision support

Exploring how climate change modelling in water resources planning can be improved

Enhanced use of climate models in user modelling

Visualisation tools

Evolution and spatial coherence of droughts

FLaG: Enhanced Future Flow and Groundwater

Understanding the enablers and barriers to accelerated climate service uptake

developing standards for the delivery of climate services

Testing a methodology for valuing climate services on three case studies (long range, seasonal forecasting and historic climate services)

organising climate service provisioning in the UK

pull-through Resilience

GFCS

Trust

Ownership

Engagement

Roles

Adaptation

Interactions

ISO 14090:2019 Adaptation to climate change – Principles, and guidelines

Climate services, standards and values

user climate information needs

Importance of derived products for users

climate information gaps

soliciting perceived limitations in climate information production

Embedding climate services in decision making

Facilitating the delivery and use of climate services

increasing reach of climate services

City Packs (MO Urban Factsheets) - how to upscale whilst still being bespoke to a City

7 Cities so far - how do we make UK wide?

Would love to get you to talk to my MSc students on our Cities & Climate Change module next term [Chris Brisley - c.brisley@ucl.ac.uk]

Great! Our team are urban resilience specialists. Other teams are working on this too.

Bring together users and providers to ensure climate science supports UK decision making on climate risk

eFlag has focus on how to use climate change evidence to inform longer term water resources planning (Chris Counsell)

Need for new products or revisions/ refinements of existing products?

In answer to question above - it is both. If any climate service providers in this forum have not been contacted about this project, and would like to be, please email us: mutray.dale@jbaconsulting.com

Open CLIM aims to inform CCRA as well as sector specific stakeholders

Climate information limitations

projection development strategies

Who decides?

IMPROVEMENT

SATISFACTION

GUARANTEE

STANDARD

CUSTOMER

BUSINESS

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Community

Ethics and codes of conduct

Stocktake

Signposting

Coordination

Knowledge exchange

UK National network for Climate Services

Missing projects

ExSamples - for 3 extreme winters from UKCP Global, we have run roughly 1000-1500 member ensembles sampling uncertainty for each winter using climateprediction.net

Did this to see if UKCP Global extremes were just rare events, or whether they were due to ocean conditions and if sampled more thoroughly could be more extreme

ExSamples purpose - to produce data for extremes that are multivariate, spatially coherent, more extreme so good for impacts studies of high impact low likelihood (HILL extremes) like H++ scenarios.

ExSamples - Data will be made available on CEDA and the JASMIN workspace for UK region.

Coastal resilience project - sea-level rise tool and also looking at surges

The Met Office Coastal Pilot Service has started looking at this (Rachel Perks)

UKCORDEX - supplementing UKCP projections with EuroCORDEX high-resolution simulations. [Richard Chandler, Chris Brierley, Clair Barnes]

UKCORDEX - data will be made available on CEDA & Jasmin, and accessible through the existing UKCP18 interface

Creating a subset of alternate RCM outputs from the EuroCORDEX ensembles that is in a similar format to UKCP18 regional files.

considering spread in both and thinking about relationships between various ensembles and models.

Could be applied more widely

Better understanding of simulated extremes

Would be keen to know if this is looking at extreme drought events? (Chris Counsell)

ExSamples - will you be repeating this for summers?

ExSamples-Link to improving climate hazard information-currently working on winter rainfall extremes attributions-would be interested in chat (Daniel Cotterill-Met Office)

ExSamples - I would be interested in having a chat as working on historical severe UK winters Neil Macdonald (Liverpool)

ExSamples - I'd be interested in having a chat about historic winter severity (Neil Macdonald - Liverpool)

Nigel Arnell - leading project on high impact 'worst case' scenarios. Keen to discuss more widely.

I'd like to hear how people have been successful with conversations at local authority level around rethinking "growth & development"? In a Mcr context that's the current barrier to adaption changes. Thoughts? Jenna A.

Nigel Arnell - trying to synthesis across all the studies which have used climate projections to calculate indicators - all comments/inputs welcome!

David Sexton - Nigel's suggestion of synthesing across projects to understand how climate projections used would be very useful.

Agreed - our audience will want to try and understand how to interpret evidence across the studies (Chris Counsell)



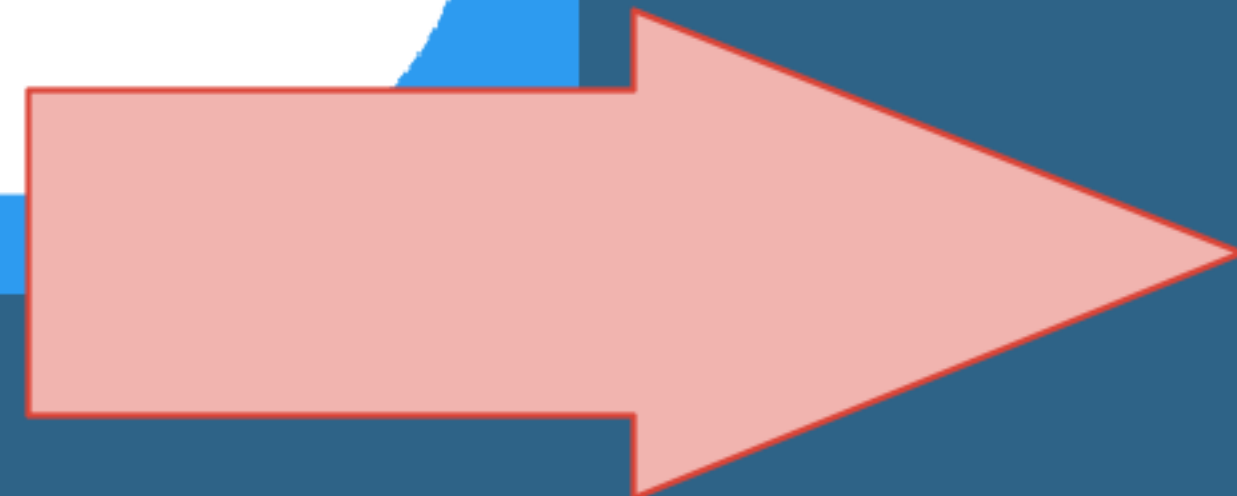
PART 1: Reviewing themes across the projects

- Review **own project**, revise it/add to it using post-its (**10 mins**)
- Look at **others' projects** and add comments and connections (**20 mins**)



Breakout 1:

1. In your group, share reflections on the work of the programme to date.
2. Based on this conversation, capture anything 'surprising', 'new' or 'interesting' on the next Jamboard slide.
3. In plenary, we will ask for clarification of what is written and discuss what is emerging on the board - no need to formally report back but be ready to share what came up in your conversations!



New?

Approach using infographics and other tools, not just journal paper

Challenge to make whole greater than the sum of the parts - are links too tenuous?

Huge diversity of projects across disciplines.

time limits how much people can engage with the programme

UKCRP, been reassuring to hear everyone has been suffering from similar challenges during COVID. From the programme perspective, useful to hear where the materials we have been building can feed into other

Re extremes, challenge of public understanding on what this means.

Stronger focus on legacy

Focus on end user needs in a lot of projects

Useful to link people not just based on parallels, but people able to complement in terms of skills - e.g. bring in expertise in comms to help

Inclusion of skills based outputs not just new science findings or data

A lot of overlap on work on extremes. Lots of methods, tools, work packages. Post it notes useful, could get a group together to work on extremes. Share what everyone is doing. Specific sessions where there is commons around.

Can the Champ team do more to link similar projects together?

It is hard to influence policy because policy makers want what they want, and we have promised to provide what we have promised. How do we make a productive research model?

Breadth and depth of work is more than other projects have achieved. End-to-end nature of projects is great. Better collaboration between social and physical sciences

Apetite for more events like this? As a means of ensuring those connections are made and utilised

Interesting?

Nigel Arnell - great diversity of ways of using UKCP18 - strength or weakness?

Balance between using a range of info and make your choices, with guidance, or specific info with a narrow purpose.

Really great emphasis on communication

Desire to keep the community together after the end of the programme

The amount of capacity building being done, would be nice to do a mapping exercise on the manuals and guidance development, who is being guided and who

Opportunity to look at aspects from multiple approaches - e.g. different approaches to risk indicators or farming impacts

Understanding risk - one thing become clear is we've all done things differently. People have used different products for different purposes so difficult to synthesise and compare.

ppl have written different models in different wats. Decision makers need info as easy access so they can make decisions

DS: First time I've really seen full breadth of people from providers to end users in one forum in such numbers. We should really make the most of that.

Lots cross over, there is a need to capture aspects in 'wider learning' papers. Marie Ekstrom

Importance of stakeholder engagement for so many projects (but also a lot of challenges) - OVERLOAD

also mapping of user engagement in different projects - make the most of approaches being made

supported process might be helpful. That said something organised through the Programme Board to stakeholder reps would be helpful ie ppl who are part of the project, policy makers. Not just about end of the

Are people ready to adapt? More awareness of resistance

How many projects aim to provide end-user services. Lessons that could be drawn across projects as to how this is being developed, format, scope etc.

Might be useful to map: Capacity building of whom, through what process?

Surprising?

the huge amount and diversity of work going on across the programme

Huge number of projects, but potentially fragmented? We should think about pulling this all together so we are able to demonstrate value / ROI

The amount that's happening

How many projects there were!

Related to the above, a lot of projects covering similar ground with nuanced differences - need to build the links better

Do we have a project to synthesise the outputs of all projects?

Some of the connections have a come bit late - something to improve in later programmes

Some of the benefits of online working during pandemic

There's more overlap than we thought - how do we make sure users don't feel overwhelmed and are clear on what we are providing?

Not surprising but reassuring to see how much cross cutting work is going on!

Blocks created in Phase 1 open up a lot of new opportunities to deliver new ways of doing things and end-products aimed at users. I am not clear how the community will continue to develop such opportunities as the programme comes to

The quick turnaround in calls, making it hard for academics that want to contribute but have high teaching loads. Sets it up for those who are already working in the area.

DS: Surprised about order of climate hazards, adaptation strategies and climate services messed my brain. Climate Services should be in middle bringing providers and users together, making information relevant, applying standards

accessible timeline of deliverables? - interim as well as final

could we have a notice board for the group to informally chat and catch up over particular topics?

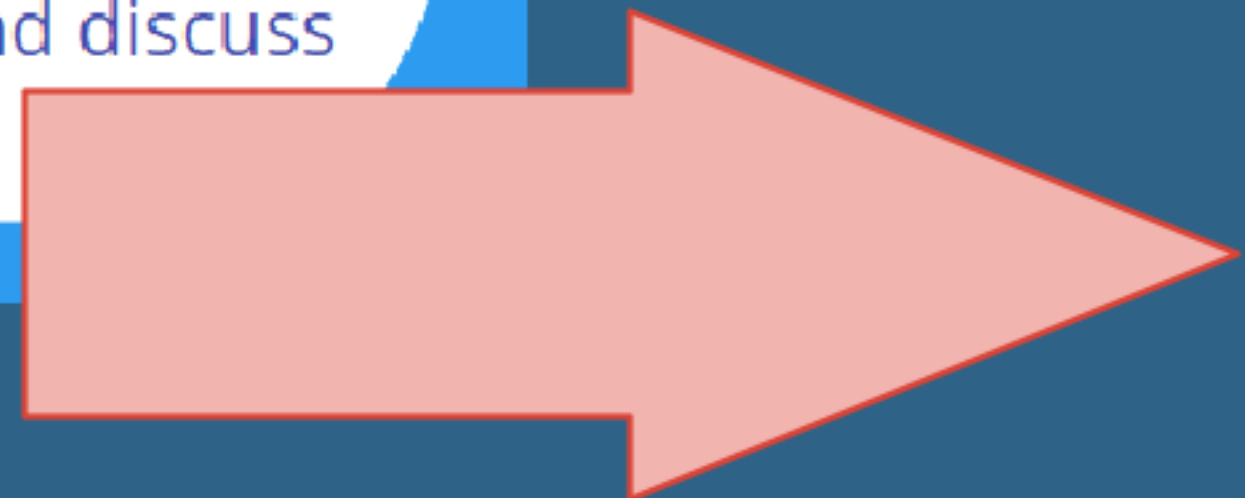
How to really user needs - ... know we aren't quite getting it; more interdisciplinary approaches needed perhaps?

Community engagement area feels like it will remain a gap - need a platform to share best practice (knowledge and processes)



Breakout 2:

1. In your group, discuss what opportunities you see to strengthen connections and build synergies:
 - between individual projects in the programme
 - at the programme level
 - beyond the programme
2. Capture your thoughts on the 3 jamboards (one for each level)
3. In plenary, we will ask for clarification of what is written and discuss what is emerging on the board



How do we maximise the impact of the programme in the final stage? How do we build synergy at different scales to effect relevant change?

Between individual projects...

Could group PIs, CoIs on projects together for focus groups relating to flooding, stakeholder engagement re climate change risks, natural environment, agriculture.

Challenge of joining time poor people together? How to do this effectively when people have many projects.

Could the champions organise focus groups, taking a strategic overview?

Is this where the Champion team come in?

Lessons from regional case studies e.g. barriers to adaptation. Would be good to share information from case studies.

Finding out what projects even exist is hard. I first discovered that a colleague was running a project on this scheme by us both attending an external event

Subject specific workshops

Draw out common elements between projects. Would be good for flooding guys to hear from the building guys.

How do we preserve links once the funding stops?

Is there actually a value in connecting complex projects? A Venn diagram showing project relationships and commonalities would be useful

What is learned in individual projects need to be fed back to the wider programme.

What's the enabling mechanism to make use of the potential links? There is a huge opportunity but not sure of how to do this

Cross cutting themes as well as sector themes

how can we co-evolve mutual learning? (sharing the story behind the story)

Common issues highlighted in multiple projects identify themes around which focused discussions could be convened

Cross-cutting themes could be: post-processing (e.g. bias adjustment), communicating results, co-production, using scenarios...

Establish a set of themes for projects to 'identify' under and for the programme and projects to review these over time e.g. sectors, timescales

Consider mapping the projects in terms of audiences.

Think about who might use the outputs from the Programme and then work back from that. We are thinking about this from a "capability" perspective. Is this right? MH

is anyone from this programme engaged in planning reforms? really critical to climate resilience delivery

How do we maximise the impact of the programme in the final stage? How do we build synergy at different scales to effect relevant change?

BREAKOUT 2 (slide 2 of 3)

Across the programme...

Easy win would be more accessible information on stakeholders and outputs of each project

Need a mech for feeding back from individual projects across the programme

Establish a set of themes for projects to 'identify' under and for the programme and projects to review these

the commenting on other people's projects - to spark a conversation

How do we provide "time" for researchers to engage in synthesis? How can we fund this? Budget really helps

The above is important especially for consultants involved

Could split the programme into sections eg. providers of weather data / impact scientists, climate services, end users. Have an assembly where the groups talk to the other groups. Get groups sharing knowledge

language. Need science translators eg explaining what uncertainty means to ppl who say 'just give me a number'. A massive opportunity to turn met/ climate sci into language that decision makers in Y later/ Network Rail understand. Clim Info

Does the climate services group have a role to facilitate and act as science translators.

putting PIs in touch, focus groups on themes

What are different groupings? e.g. similar stakeholders, similar tools, similar outcomes

projects to share events coming up and who might be interested in them e.g. the marine workshop

Is there still too much of a "closed shop". What is the pathway into our main networks?

Role of Champions really valuable - gives immediacy and connection. Problem is it's only a short term thing!

JKCR gives a timely understanding of what's going on - but the notion of a programme is in itself a barrier to progress

diversity of potential outputs - 4 page glossy, some very academic - some want specific information and other more general.

engage with plannign reforms, map stakeholders for policy and practice better - policy is not uniform, not just one govt dept or agency but many each with different ideas and needs

Think about who might use the outputs from the Programme and then work back from that. We are thinking about this from a "capability" perspective. Is this right? MH

Central comms channels for UKCR are very useful for this for bringing together the community

Keep tweeting - very useful for finding out about different outputs across the programme.

Synthesis paper needed! Needs policy relevance showing what was found out and why its useful (forget project labels)

we need to hire knowledge synthesis effort? E.g. like the impacts synthesis?

to make an impact, we need to have an ongoing dialogue about what the stakeholders/users want to achieve or what decisions they want to make

How do we maximise the impact of the programme in the final stage? How do we build synergy at different scales to effect relevant change?

Beyond the programme...

Create 5 minute videos of findings

More use of video channels - e.g. in form of video panel discussion of PIs on synthesis topics

good signposting - not necessarily a book!

All research UK-focused. Explicitly capture lessons for other countries (where they exist)

Fund opportunities that impact real people i.e. work being done in Manchester

really understand the diversity of policy and practice needs - policy is not a monolithic thing. climate policy is delivered through so many different policy areas - spatial planning and via planning authorities is probably the most important

Make use of policy suggestions in the CCRA report

Political actors need to be more accountable

Synthesis or lessons that can be drawn across projects with more regional focused case studies e.g. different cities.

Lots of good stuff has come out. Need a mechanism to fund how to take this forward.

Who does the encouraging? The CCC, other government bodies? Can this programme demonstrate giving the ports value in relation to what they are offering, there'd be a reason for them to contribute

Need some sort of forum with funders to take things forward. Govt, national rail, ports industry.. groups potentially in a position to take ideas and progress them forward. (similar to the funding of the YHCC?)

Important to get the timing right to meet needs e.g. a call from local government for a resilience plan

Empower civil servants for reporting and action

Learn from experience of previous major initiatives e.g. NERC PURE programme

Mainstreaming of embedding climate scientists/ researchers in city planning activities to ensure impact - extending work in Hull, Bristol and Manchester et al to other cities

Brainstorm key synthesis topics amongst wider group

Climate equivalent of RMetSoc/ICE and other institutions or societies - a framework community for climate resilience

How do we synthesis results to influence / target the next NAP

Think about who might use the outputs from the Programme and then work back from that. We are thinking about this from a "capability" perspective. Is this right? MH

Focus on user groups /end user

Need to look way beyond journal papers - but still need them for scientific audience and credibility

Tools for PIs such as slide packs for the programme and other projects

Are we saying we've done well, or trying to get something different going in the future? (need a different way of doing science!)

Think about launch point for future programmes

Dialogue between producers and users is really important. Create an avenue for additional users to approach people to found out best way to navigate between available data.

Target industry bodies

Provide a map of all outputs and what's useful for different audiences - signposting

Project ambassadors?

If introducing themes... continue these as working groups after the end of the programme, based on user needs

Might be particular barriers for non-academic partners when funding finishes - how do we maintain diversity?

Provide some training on what sort of content works for specific audiences

Learning opportunities from communicators about how we can frame outputs for policy makers

